BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

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DAILY PROGRESS.

FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1863.

ALMANAC FOR FOURTH WEEK IN JULY.

	Sun Rises. H. M.	Sun Sets. H. M.
Sunday—*Dies canis* begin	4 55	7 5
Monday	4 56	7 4
Tuesday—1st Bat. Manassas, 1861	4 57	7 3
Wednesday	4 57	7 3
Thursday	4 53	7 2
Friday—Moon eight days old	4 58	7 2
Saturday—Bat. of Lunday's Lane	4 59	7 1

Moon First Quarter Thursday, July 23d, at 11 o'clock. 3 minutes, morning a. m. Full Moon Thursday, July 30

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[REPORTED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Gen. Rooney Lee and Capt. Winder Held as Hostages for Capts. Sawyer and Flynn—Grant to take Command of the Army of the Potomac, &c.

RICHMOND, July 23.—A telegram from Fortress Monroe says that Gen. Rooney Lee and Capt. Winder have been placed in close confinement. The rebel government has also notified, and if Capts. Sawyer and Flynn are executed, Lee and Winder will be executed in retaliation.

Washington correspondent of the N. Y. *Express* says that Grant will soon relieve Meade in command of the army of the Potomac.

More Recognition Rumors.

RICHMOND, July 23.—The Paris correspondent of the New York *Herald*, 7th, writes that the *Moniteur* has at length given the imperial version of the interview between Napoleon and Roebuck, and says that the Emperor expressed to Roebuck and Lindsay a desire to see peace established, but observed that the proposition of pacification addressed to London in October last not having been agreed to by England, he did not think it his duty to make a new one before he was sure of its acceptance; nevertheless the Ambassador of France at London would receive instructions to sound the intentions of Palmerston upon this point and give him to understand that the English Cabinet believed the recognition of the South would end the war, the Emporer would be disposed to follow in this direction.

The *Herald's* correspondent say's the secessionists here consider this document as an expression of opinion on the part of the French Government in favor of recognition of the Southern Confederacy, and assert that it will take place in the course of a month.

Mr. Slidell is said to have freely expressed his opinion.

Later From the North—Morgan in Trouble.

RICHMOND, July 23.—The Baltimore *American*, of the 22d, has the following telegram:

CLEVELAND, July 20.—Morgan made an unsuccessful attempt to cross the Ohio, yesterday, near Cooleyville, and was prevented by gunboats. One hundred and fifty men were drowned and one thousand captured. Among the prisoners were Col. Ward, Col. Dick Morgan. Balance of the men scattered among the hills.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—Our forces are continually capturing Morgan's men. Basil Duke was captured near Pomeroy at 7, P. M. Morgan, with one thousand men, has turned back, and is moving towards Gallipolis, closely followed by our forces."

Additional Northern News.

RICHMOND, July 23.—A telegram from Hagerstown of the 19h says Meade's whole army is across the Potomac, rapidly following Lee. Hon. Wm. Whitney, solicitor of the War Department, leaves Boston on Wednesday for Europe as commissioned legal advisor of Ministers to England and France. His mission is said to be of great importance. Perfect quiet continues in New York. Gold advanced two per cent in New York on Tuesday.

From Mississippi

MORTON, July 20, via MOBILE, 22.—No change in affairs to-day. Enemy are busily engaged in tearing up the track between Brandon and Jackson, and burned the depot of the latter place last night. Grant is preparing to fall back when low water is in his front.

Later from Mississippi.

MORTON, July 22.—Our army is in permanent camp on Strong River. Grant is reported to be shipping troops down the Mississippi for the purpose of attacking Mobile. Lieut. Gen. Hardee has arrived and takes command under Johnston. Pemberton's corps will be organized immediately and placed in the field.

Negroes Escaped from the Raiders.

GOLDSBORO, July 23.—About one hundred and fifty negroes, belonging to citizens of Edgecombe escaped from the Yankee raiders yesterday at the Burney Place, below Kinston, and will be here this morning.

The Raiders Escape.

GOLDSBORO', July 23.—A telegram from Kinston at 10, last night, says we took a considerable number of prisoners, horses and negroes, to-day, at the Burney place, 22 miles northeast of Kinston. The raiders were obliged to disgorge much plunder in the retreat to facilitate their escape.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, July 22.—Occassional firing continued today. No important change in the relative position of the parties. The steamer *Alice*, from Nassau, arrived last night. Heavy rain and thunder this evening.

The Remains of the Lamented Pettigrew.

The body of Gen. Pettigrew was expected to arrive here at 12 o'clock last night—(we went to press at eleven)—and the funeral will take place at eleven to-day. See programme elsewhere.

The procession will form on Fayetteville st. at 10½ o'clock and the funeral services will take place on the Capitol Square, at eleven. Col. Mallett requests that all places of business be closed during the exercises, and we trust that the request will be universally observed. No more gallant or meritorious officer has fallen since the struggle commenced, and the people of the Capitol of his own beloved State should all join in doing honor to the remains of one whose gallant deeds has shed additional lustre on her escutcheon.

GOOD FOR THE BOYS.—While 2,300 Confederate prisoners, taken at Gettysburg, were being marched through Baltimore, on the 5th, the rabble raised cheers of triumph and derision, whereupon the boys gave their peculiar yell and cheered for Jeff. and the Southern Confederacy. None but cowardly dogs ever insult prisoners of war, and as the "plugs" did jeer at our boys we are glad they showed their metal.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1863. NO. 219.

The Gallant Sixth.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Gov. Vance for the letter published elsewhere in this issue, from the heroic 6th The letter is from an officer of the regiment and a gentleman of unquestioned integrity, and his statements may be implicitly relied on. From this letter it will be seen that the 6th was the only regiment that entered the enemy's works on the heights at Gettysburg, and that they were not supported and had to retire before overwhelming numbers, after they had entered their strong position and planted the regimental flag over the abandoned guns of the enemy. None of this was known to the correspondents of the Richmond *Enquirer*, who, as well as the Editors of that paper, seem to delight in traducing and libelling the troops from North Carolina. We call upon that paper, in justice to the heroic troops from this State, who it has allowed its correspondents to libel, to publish the letter from the 6th.

Jesse Allen, Co. H, 31st regiment, from this county, was killed last week at Charleston.

BRAGG'S RETREAT.

The *Rebel* of the 19th says:

Various journals are giving credence to the statements of certain newspaper correspondents, as to the loss sustained by the army during the recent retreat from Middle Tennessee. The facts set forth in the *Rebel*, were derived from official sources, and may be relied on—all the "special correspondents" to the contrary notwithstanding.

The command at Hoovers and Liberty Gaps was not surprised The retreat was not precipitate, and instead of the immense loss which these correspondents set forth as being sustained in the way of stores, we have to again repeat that all that was left, was left at Shelbyville, and this would not amount to $2,000 worth. This consisted of a small quantity of flour, corn and corn meal. Not a dollar's worth of Quartermaster and Ordnance stores was lost by either corps. The small amount of Commissary stores left by the army at Shelbyville was distributed by the Chief Commissary to the families of our soldiers before leaving.

There was not a piece of artillery lost during the retreat. Martin was in advance of the army about 15 miles, and as the army fell back, Martin retired to Shelbyville, and there twelve hours after the army had left he had a fight with the enemy, in which he lost three pieces. The amount of desertion and straggling was small beyond precedent.

Polk's corps was absolutely stronger by 400 men on its arrival in Chattanooga, than it was when it left Shelbyville, and instead of a loss of 3,000 reported by one writer as having been sustained by the army, it was not 500 men short when it reached this place.—Such recklessness of statement by unauthorized writers should be well considered before they be republished.

The army had been under orders for three days to march at an hours notice, and had prepared for it by having three days cooked rations in their haversacks, and when the order came to fall back to Tullahoma, they did so with bands playing and colors flying.

No retreat was ever conducted with more deliberation and less loss.

MORGAN IN KENTUCKY.—The *Rebel* of the 19th says:

We were called upon yesterday by Mr. W. H. Harrison, a member of Castleman's company in Duke's regiment of Morgan's command, who has just come through from Sparta, Tenn., by way of Pikeville. Mr. H. informs us that a member of Breckinridge's regiment of Morgan's command, came into Sparta just before he left this place, direct from Mumfordsville, on the 8th, in which he killed and wounded about four hundred, and captured three thousand of the enemy, and then burnt Green River Bridge.—Morgan's lost was about 140. It was the intention of Gen. Morgan to cross the Ohio, and the command was moving in that direction, when the soldier left. Mr. H. considered the information every way reliable.

MISSISSIPPI.—Of the movements of Johnston in Mississippi, the *Appeal* of the 20th says:

Our intelligence from Mississippi is extremely meager. About all that is understood of Gen. Johnston's position, is, that he is in position somewhere in the vicinity of Brandon. This report reaches us through several channels. If true, we imagine his proposed stay there is only temporary—that his object is to give time for the removal of his stores, and the supplies of the country. The country is not supplied with water for an army like his, and any position he might attempt to occupy could be flanked by Grant's forces without interruption. We are, therefore, prepared to hear of his having made a still further retrograde movement at any moment.

Nothing direct has been received from Jackson since our army left the city.

THE CONSCRIPTION.—Our readers may, like ourselves be curious to know what addition may be made to our armies by the late call of the President, summoning to the field all persons between the ages of 40 and 45 years. The census of 1850 furnished data upon which an approximate estimate may be based. We have accordingly looked into that report and make the following rough calculation:

Alabama will furnish	10,393
Arkansas " "	5,000
Florida " "	1,200
Georgia " "	12,231
Louisiana " "	8,000
Mississippi " "	9,000
N. Carolina " "	14,000
S. Carolina " "	6,000
Tennessee " "	6,000
Texas " "	5,000
Virginia " "	18,324
Making a total of	95,000

We have added to the return of 1850 the ratio of increase for the preceding decade, in each State. We have taken only one-third of the number in Tennessee and two-thirds in Virginia—making, as we suppose, a proper allowance for the portion of those two States in the possession of the enemy. Of the number thus obtained we estimate that 25,000 are already in the service. So that by extending the conscription to 45 years we only increase the strength of our armies by 70,000 men.—*Columbus Times.*

RICE FOR SALE.

THE STATE WILL SELL RICE BY THE CASK. Apply to C. H. Thompson, M. S. K. Commissary Department. THOS. D. HOGG, Captain C. S.
July 4-tf

To the Voters of the Fifth Congressional District.—The emergency calls for the purest and ablest men to serve the country in her Legislative Councils. The well known character of Captain JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin, for patriotism, integrity and wisdom, plainly indicates him as the fittest man in the District to represent us in the next Congress. Captain Davis is now leading his gallant company against the invaders of his country, and does not even dream of his friends entertaining the idea of voting for him for Congress or any other civic position, at this time; but we are confident that he will skrink from no responsibility to which his fellow citizens may call him. Well known and universally respected as he is, Franklin County offers her noble son to the voters of the District in full confidence of his election, on account of his own unpretending merit, and for the good of the country. Patriots, your suffrages are asked for a wise and prudent statesman, and gallant soldier.

MANY VOTERS.
July 1-td

Register, Standard, and State Journal copy till election and send bills to this office.

Duplin County, May 25, 1863.—EDITOR OF THE PROGRESS, RALEIGH, N. C.—No wish to add or stir party feelings, but as some friend has suggested sometime since the name of Wm. J. Houston, Esq., as a suitable person to be voted for for Congress in the district now represented by the Hon. Owen R. Kenan, and as one man should have the same privileges as another, I suggest the name of THOMAS I. FAISON as a suitable person to represent the 3rd Congressional District at the ensuing election. No better or more loyal man than Thomas I Faison, no private man has done more for the Confederacy and the soldiers. Three of his sons have devoted their time and talents in the cause of freedom, and one of them has sealed it with his blood.

MANY VOTERS OF 3D CON. DIST. OF N. C.
May 28-tf

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

SALE OF LAND.

IN OBEDIENCE TO A DECREE OF THE COURT of Equity of Wake County and State of North Carolina, in the case of "Ann Eliza Honicutt against Geo W. Thompson, Adm'r, and Sion H. Rogers," made at Spring Term, 1861, and orders from time to time made in said cause, I shall proceed to sell, at the Court House door, on Tuesday of August Term of the County Court, 1863, at 12 M., the House and Lot in the pleadings mentioned and described in the above entitled case. The premises are located in the Southeastern part of the City of Raleigh, now occupied by Mrs. Honicutt and family, and adjoining the lots of Stephen Justice, Mary Saunders and others.—The House has two rooms and in tolerable repair, and there is ground enough for a good garden. I understand this lot always rents well.

The purchaser can give bond and good security, payable twelve months after date, with interest from date, or he can pay *cash*.

R. G. LEWIS, C. M. E.
July 17-td

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, IF APPLICATION BE MADE soon, a good and desirable residence in the city, about 150 yards South of the Governor's Palace, on Fayetteville street. For terms, &c., apply to

W. R. RICHARDSON.
July 16-tf

FOR SALE.

A FEW VALUABLE ARTICLES OF MEDICINE, Pulvarised Opium, Chlorate of Potassa, Epsom Salts, Castor Oil, Chlorinated Soda (Labarraquis Solution,) Bi-Carbonate Soda;—also, Castile Soap. All in quantities to suit, and at low rates.

Also a fine Canadian Stallion; and a No. 1 Rosewood, Iron Frame Piano. Inquire of the Subscriber,

L. MILLER, M. D.,
July 11-2w* Kinston, N. C.

FOR SALE.

ABOUT ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS of selected TOBACCO in the Leaf. Wrappers and Fillers in proper proportion.

PHILLIPS & HOOKER,
June 17-tf Hillsboro', N. C.,

PIANO FORTE FOR SALE.

A VERY SUPERIOR 6½ OCTAVO ROSEWOOD Piano Forte, made by Knape & Ghale, of Baltimore. The above Piano has the entire Iron Frame, and is finished all round, having four round corners, a very fine tone and every way a first rate instrument. Enquire of

JAS. PIRSSON,
July 9-tf Harget St., opposite the Fair Grounds.

FOR SALE.

A BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOT IN THE CITY OF Raleigh, opposite the residence of A. M. Lewis, Esq., in the Northern part of the city. Apply to

W. R. RICHARDSON.
June 25-tf

NORTH CAROLINA CHRISTAIN ADVOCATE.

NEW SERIES.

IT IS CONTEMPLATED TO RESUME THE PUBlication of the *North-Carolina Christian Advocate* at an early day, under the patronage of the North-Carolina Conference, and under the direction and ownership of a joint stock Company, composed of ministers and laymen, to secure its permanency.

It will be as its name imports, a CHRISTIAN *Advocate*—It will sustain and defend the doctrines and discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and labor to advance Christ's Kingdom on earth, and to promote peace and good will among all men.

Besides its earnest, *religious* character, it shall be an advocate of the moral, educational and industrial progress of North Carolina—a welcome visitor to every *family* and to the camps of our brave soldiers, and a faithful chronicler of what may be useful and interesting, and of the current news.

All our traveling and local ministers and the stockholders of the Company, are specially requested to act as Agents for the paper.

The old subscribers of the *Advocate* will be supplied with the *new series*, to the full amount due them at the time of its suspension, but as the mail books are not in the possession of the Editor, he must rely on the old subscribers themselves and the Agents, to furnish him with their names and post offices and the amount due them.

The *Advocate* will be well printed on good paper, and will contain an amount of reading matter equal to any paper in the State.

During the continuance of war prices, the subscription price will be $3 per annum, always in advance.

Agents who send us ten or more *new* subscribers and the *Cash*, will be entitled to a copy of the paper for one year. It is desirable that a large list be sent in at once.

Address WM. E. PELL, *Editor*.
Raleigh, N. C. Jan. 2, 1863.

BRITTON'S BLUE-BLACK WRITING FLUID,

MANUFACTURED BY J. E. BRITTON, CHARlotte. N. C. A superior article. Southern Manufacture. Try it. All bottles warranted.

I am manufacturing an article of Writing Ink, equay if not superior, to any Inks manufactured North. Ever, person who has tried this Ink speaks well of its quality. It has a blue-black color, and flows freely from the pen.

It can be had either wholesale or retail by addressing the subscriber.

For thirteen years, writing done with Ink manufactured from this recipe has been exposed to the sun and air, and is as fast in color, and as good now as when first written with. Orders solicited, and all promptly filled. Address. J. E. BRITTON,

Charlotte, Mecklenburg Co., N. C.

The following recommendation of the superior quality of the ink is given by the gentleman whose name is annexed. He has used the ink and can speak for its good qualities:

CHARLOTTE, June 3, 1863.

Mr. J. E. Britton:—Dear Sir: I have tried your very excellent Writing Fluid, and can truly say that it is superior to any Ink that I have ever seen manufactured in the South. It is equal if not far better, than any Writing Ink made at the North. Every one who will try this Ink can be sure of getting an excellent article.

C. OVERMAN, P. M.,
July 2-tf Charlotte, N. C.

F HOTEL OR SALE.

I OFFER AT PRIVATE SALE, THE LARGE, NEW HOTEL in the town of Louisburg, and located just East of the Court House. H. HARRIS.
July 4-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

DESIRABLE INVESTMENT IN TEXAS LANDS.

ONE-HALF OF THE

JUSTO LIENDO TRACT.

THIS TRACT OF DESIRABLE LANDS WAS SElected for his home site many years since, by Col. M. B. Menard, who was an extensive land owner in Texas, and one of the leading founders of the city of Galveston. The property has never passed out of his family, since its purchase by him, and one-half of it only is now offered for sale for a change of investment, and will be sold in parcels of one-fourth of a league, or 1,100 acres each.

It is situated in Milan county, within the

TEMPERATE AND SHOWERY BELT OF TEXAS,

about 45 miles North-Eastward from the Capital of the State, and about 55 miles Northwestwardly from Brenham, the present terminus of Railroad communication with Galveston and Houston.

The tract is divided in two nearly equal parts by Brushy Creek, (emptying into the Gabriel river,) and comprises an admirable combination of lands for agricultural and pastural pursuits. High and dry post oak lands, filled with fencing materials;

ROLLING PRAIRIE, WITH

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES

commanding a view of the entire tract;

RICH TIMBERED BOTTOM

on both sides of the Creek, rising from there to a fine prairie covered with mesquite grass (not the bearded)

UNSURPASSED FOR GRAZING PURPOSES,

and which extends uninterruptedly to the banks of the San Gabriel, from 12 to 15 miles distant.

This region of country is not surpassed by any in Texas, in

REGULARITY OF SEASONS,

DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE AND

HEALTH OF THE LOCALITY;

and the tract itself forms one of the best investments for present use or future profit to be found in Texas,

THE LAND OF PROMISE AND OF PEACE.

During the dry year of 1860 in Texas, Mr. Conolly's farm, (on a portion of the tract,) yielded an average of 50 bushels of corn, and 15 bushels of wheat to the acre. There are numerous flouring mills in Milan, and the adjoining counties of Bell and Williamson.

All the small grains grow well, cotton yields one bale to the acre, horses, mules, sheep, hogs and

HORNED CATTLE THRIVE

WITHOUT WINTERING

and are largely raised throughout the region. The titles to the land have never been questioned, and are unquestionable, and there are no squatters on it. The settled portion of the State extends far beyond Milan county, in every direction.

The property now belongs to J. S. Thrasher, Superintendant of the Press Association, and one-half of it is offered for sale, only because the acceptance of the duties of his public position involves the necessity of a partial change in his investments.

It is offered at private sale until the 7th day of August, when if not disposed of, it will be sold at public auction, without reserve, for cash, in Confederate Treasury notes in the city of Atlanta.

For further information, and plan of tract apply to

R. M. PARKS & CO.,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta Georgia.
May 11-M&Ttf

PIEDMONT SPRINGS.

BURKE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

THESE SPRINGS ARE SITUATED IN WESTERN North Carolina, about fifteen miles from Morganton, in a mountainous, beautiful and romantic country. The waters, SULPHUR and CHALYBEATE, are said to be equal to any in the country. Deer, Bear and Pheasants abound in the mountains.

The Company has succeeded in obtaining the services of an experienced gentleman and lady to take charge of the House, and will be ready for the reception of visitors by the 1st of July.

Board, per day	$ 5
Week	28
Month	90

A Hack will leave Morganton on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for the Springs.

☞ One-fourth of this property, with three hundred acres of land attached, would be sold to a person competent to take charge of the property.

June 25-tf PIEDMONT SPRINGS CO.

THE PEOPLE'S FACTORY.

WE ARE NOW IN OPERATION FOR THE BENEfit of the people. We are now manufacturing the Flying Shuttle and Old Fashioned Looms, Spinning Wheels, Bed Steads, &c. In a few days we expect to be manufacturing Shoe Lasts and Pegs. Our foundry is also in operation, and Castings of all kinds will be furnished as far as possible. The farming interests of the country will receive our especial attention. We will pay the highest prices for old castings, which you must bring to us if you desire the supply of new castings to be kept up. We shall soon be prepared to furnish plows of various kinds, by wholesale and retail. Soldiers' wives will be furnished with necessary articles at reduced prices,

SIMPSON & HOOKER,
June 3-tf Hillsboro', N. C.

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS.

AFTER THE 1ST JUNE, OUR HOUSE WILL BE open for the reception of boarders.

RATES OF BOARD.

Board per day	$4.00
" " week	25,00
" " month	100,00

Children under ten, and servants, half price.

BLACKNALL & CO., Proprietors.

P. S.—We cannot send our Omnibus to the 3 o'clock night train. [May 23-tf] B. & CO.

SPUN COTTON EXCHANGED FOR LARD.

WE WILL EXCHANGE COTTON YARNS AT OUR OIL AND SOAP FACTORY, in Fayetteville, as follows: 1 bunch of Yarns, No. 5, 6, 7 and 8, (averaging,) for 10 pounds of Lard each; 1 bunch, No. 9, for 11 pounds of Lard, and 1 do., No. 10, for 12 pounds. We will exchange upon these terms for one half of any amount of Lard, paying cash at full wholesale prices for the other half; or we will give one bunch of Spun Cotton, from No. 5 to 10, for 12 pounds of Lard.

A. McLAUCHLIN & CO.

A pure article of LARD OIL for sale at our Factory.
July 3-1m* A. McL. & CO.

PRINTERS' INK MANUFACTURED BY

B. A. RANDALL,

Marietta, Georgia,

BOOK, NEWS AND COLORED INKS, OF AN EXcellent quality, and warranted equal to the best Northern make.

Book Ink at 60 cents to $4 per pound.
News Ink at 75 cents per pound.
Colored Inks at $1 to $8 per pound, in half pound and pound cans. June 27-1m

JUST RECEIVED.

THE IMMORTAL C. M. FARRISS HAS JUST REturned with a splendid assortment of

BLOCKADE GOODS,

with the latest report of London Fashions. Call and see.

LACK & FARRISS,
July 9-tf Merchant Tailors.

COTTON YARN.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE A SMALL lot of COTTON YARN, desirable No's, at Haw River Depot N. C. R. R. SWEPSON & McADEN.
July 23-5t*

TO HIRE.

FOR THE BALANCE OF THE YEAR, A STRONG, HEALTHY NEGRO WOMAN. APPLY at PROGRESS OFFICE.
July 22-tf

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. CO.,

BOARD OF DIRECTORS,
Wilmington, N. C., 17th July, 1863.

DIVIDEND No. 24.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY DECLARED a Dividend of ten (10) per cent., payable to Stockholders up and after 1st August next.

Transfer books closed till day of payment.
July 21-1w L. H. McKAMMON, Sec'y.

MILITARY NOTICES.

Executive Department North Carolina.
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, MILITIA)
Raleigh, July 21st, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 16

I. THE PRESIDENT OF THE CONFEDERATE States having called into the military service all between the ages of 18 and 45, subject to the Conscript Act. General Order, No. 13, ordering the commanding officers of the Militia to enroll and bring to Raleigh those between 40 and 45 years, is hereby revoked.

By order of Gov. VANCE:

DANIEL G. FOWLE,
July 22-1w Adjutant General.

Daily papers of the State copy one week and weekly and semi-weekly one time.

Headqr's District Cape Fear,
WILMINGTON, N. C., July 15th, 1863.

[Extract.]

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 213.

I. ALL THE OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN, OF Brig. Gen. Clingman's Brigade now absent by authority from these Headquarters, will report without delay, for duty with their respective regiments at Charleston, S. C.

By command of Maj. Gen. WHITING:

JAMES H. HILL,
July 16-1w Major and A. A. General.

REWARDS.

$50 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM THIS PLACE ON THE 12TH inst a nero boy JORDAN. He is about 5 foot 10 or 12 inches high—very black, and has lost his front teeth. He went through Chatham Co. and is possibly trying to get into the Yankee lines. I will give the above reward for his apprehension and confinement in jail.

S. G. WORTH,
July 23 2w* Ashboro, N. C.

$50 REWARD!

FOR INFORMATION THAT WILL LEAD TO THE recovery of my very fine black cloth Overcoat, with cape of the same material, which is attached by buttons around the neck. The coat was stolen from my negro man whilst the train was stopping at Franklinton R. and G. R. R., on Sunday night, 5th inst: The cape of the coat has one button and button-hole in front for the purpose of connecting the cape. Also in the arm-pit of said coat will be found a linen patch securely sewed with the name of my brother, Martin Maddux, written in it.

Any information of the whereabouts of the coat will be left with the Editor of the Progress, Raleigh, N. C.

T. CLAY MADDUX, M. D.
July 10-eod3t

LACK & FARRISS,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

WE WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT WE have on hand and are constantly receiving an assortment of

CITIZENS' AND MILITARY CLOTHING.

The business will be carried on under the direct supervision of Mr. C. M. FARRISS, and satisfaction guaranteed to our patrons. An experienced hand will go to the Camps to take measures for uniforms when ordered.

G. A. LACK.....C. M. FARRISS.
April 7-tf

Office of Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.,
RALEIGH, N. C., June 15, 1863.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a Dividend of 10 per cent. upon the Capital Stock, payable on and after Monday, 7th of July, 1863.

W. W. VASS,
June 19—tlA Treasurer.

Raleigh, July 17, 1863.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE R. & G. R. R. will not receive private freights to be shipped beyond Gaston. The P. R. R. Company having refused to receive the same at that point makes it necessary to give this notice.

C. B. ALLEN, Agent.
July 18-2w*

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON, PIANO FORTE MANUFACturer, respectfully informs the public that he has established himself in Raleigh, and offers his services to all those who wish their Pianos skillfully and thoroughly tuned or repaired. Orders left at the Book Store of W. L. Pomery, Esq., or at Mr. Pirsson's residence in Harget street, nearly opposite the Fair Grounds, will meet with prompt attention.

N. B.—Piano Fortes bought and sold. Mr. Pirsson refers to Rev. Dr. Smedes and Professor Hansen.
Jan 13-tf

NURSE WANTED.

ANY PERSON HAVING A SMALL GIRL FOR hire, suitable for a nurse, will please make it known at Progress Office. July 21-tf

COAL FIELDS.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the Hillsboro' Coal Mining and Transportation Company, will be held in my office in Greensborough on Thursday the 23d day of July, 1863. A full and prompt attendance of all the shareholders, in person or by proxy, is earnestly solicited.

JOHN A. GILMER, *President.*
July 21-2w

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

WITH AN EXPERIENCE OF MORE THAN FORTY years, the undersigned does not flatter himself, but is flattered by his customers, and will receive and sell at Auction, or on Commission, everything entrusted to his care.

FRANK I. WILSON,
May 14-tf Auctioneer
Standard copy

ESTRAYED.

FROM THE STATE STABLES, IN THIS CITY, ON the 4th instant, two MARE MULES, one bay and one black. The black one has a scar on the hip. Twenty dollars reward will be paid for their return to

THOS. D. HOGG,
June 8-tf Captain and Acting Q. M

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, N. C., May 8, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply at once. Will give 1 pound of POWDER for 10 pound of LEAD.

THOS. HOGG, Capt. C. S.
May 8-tf In charge of Ordnance.

SNUFF! SNUFF! SNUFF!

LORILLARD'S SNUFF, RAILROAD SNUFF, Lorillard's Scotch (Salt) Snuff, Appleby's Railroad (Fresh) Snuff. For sale by A. A. WILLARD,
June 16-3m Orange st'o' N. C.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

STOCK & MONEY BROKERS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

CONTINUE TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSiness at their old stand as heretofore, in all its various branches. June 25 6m

CURRY COMBS.

200 DOZEN CURRY COMBS FOR SALE AT THE Factory of JOLLY & LACK.
March 24 tf.

WANTED.

ONE GOOD BLACKSMITH. Apply to

N. S. CARPENTER,
July 13-4t. Gen. Sup't. W. C. & R. R. R.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1863.

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☞ **To Advertisers.**—No contracts will be made for advertising outside of our published terms, and parties wishing to advertise in the PROGRESS should send their advertisements directly to us instead of requesting us to copy from other papers, some of which we never see. All advertisements hereafter inserted will be charged according to revised terms at head of paper.

☞ **Rags! Rags! Rags!**—The highest cash price will be paid at the PROGRESS OFFICE for all kinds of clean Cotton and Linen Rags, in large or small quantities.

☞ **Any of our friends receiving important** news from the army by private letter or telegrams, will confer a great favor on us by sending or leaving them at this office for our use.

We call general attention to the following extract from a letter in the Richmond *Enquirer* of the 22d instant. The letter is endorsed in an editorial "as containing accurate and reliable information upon the late great battle." We will presume that the letter is devoted to an account of the part taken by Pickett's Division in the battle at Gettysburg. The style of the writer is after the manner of Abbot and Headley. After detailing with great effusion of rhetoric, the superhuman gallantry of General Pickett's men [upon Friday] he proceeds:

"Now Pettigrew's command emerged from the woods upon Pickett's left, and swept down the slope of the hill to the valley beneath, and some two or three hundred yards in rear of Pickett. I saw by the wavering of this line as they entered the conflict that they wanted the firmness of nerve and steadiness of tread which so characterized Pickett's men, and that these men would not, could not stand the tremendous ordeal to which they would be soon subjected. These were mostly raw troops, which had been recently brought from the South, and who had, perhaps, never been under fire—who certainly had never been in any very severe fight—and I trembled for their conduct."

Thus having conducted the "brave Virginians" into the "enemy's works," and hearing "their glad shouts of victory" he again turns his batteries upon Pettigrew thus:

"Let us now look after Pettigrew's division.—Where are they now? While the victorious shout of the gallant Virginians is still ringing in my ears, I turn my eyes to the left, and there all over the plain, in utmost confusion, is scattered this strong division. Their line is broken; they are flying, apparently panic stricken to the rear. The gallant Pettigrew is wounded, but he still retains command; and is vainly striving to rally his men. Still the moving mass rushes pell mell to the rear, and Pickett is left alone to contend with the hordes of the enemy now pouring in upon him on every side.

It will not be pretended that the *Enquirer* did not know that Pettigrew's Division, (he was acting as Major General,) was composed principally, perhaps altogether, of North Carolinians. It was made up of his own and other brigades. The *Progress* of yesterday contained the sad record of the ruin of the 26th Regiment in that brigade: "*Killed* 88; *Wounded* 488; *Missing* 87!" Enough is known of the other regiments to assure us that the brigade has been literally *destroyed*. Most of the counties in this State are in mourning! Hardly a man in the State but has lost a friend! Yet the solemnities of this funeral occasion to North Carolina are to be polluted by the baseness and falsehood of this hireling of the Press,—of whom it may be doubted whether he was ever in Pennsylvania in all the course of his miserable life! And his slanders are to be endorsed by a paper widely circulated through the South, and visiting many households in North Carolina. Children are to read *upon this soil*, of the unworthy conduct of the men of the 26th, 11th, 47th, 44th, 52d and other regiments on that fatal day. North Carolinians are to introduce within the limits of the Sate, a paper not only recreant to all the principles of free government, but envenomed against the names of those gallant youths who fought and died under Pettigrew upon the heights of Gettysburg. Strange things occur, and doubtless the subscription list of the Richmond *Enquirer* includes many that are good and true citizens of the State, but at present we are so indignant at this most wanton, cruel and false imputation upon Pettigrew's soldiers, that we are not able to do justice to any person who supports this paper, and, in this way, endorses its course.

Happily for some of these brave men, their [illegible] young commander, in the short interval of pain which elapsed between that field of grief and his own lamented death, in a letter to the Governor of North Carolina, placed upon record in enthusiastic language his appreciation of their gallantry and devotion. That high testimonial was published in the *Progress* of last Saturday. It overwhelms the injustice and insolence of Mr. Mitchell of the *Enquirer*, and his correspondent "A." This completely meets the charges made in that correspondence as regards Pettigrew's Division, as to cause doubts as to its statements in laudation of Pickett's. Fortunately, however, the reputation of neither depends upon the pen of "A."

TOWN HALL.—Miss Ella Wren and Mr. Charles Morton have had good audiences at Town Hall for the last two nights. Those who have seen them speak highly of their performances. They play again to-night. Go early if you want seats.

The Heroic Sixth

We are indebted to the courtesy of Gov. Vance for the following letter from an officer in the 6th N. C. Troops:

IN BIVOUAC NEAR HAGERSTOWN, MD., July 8th, 1863.

MY DEAR GOVERNOR:—Excuse the necessity of writing with pencil and the familiarity with which I address you, but moments are precious, and while I am yet spared I must hasten to perform a sacred duty to you as the honored head of North Carolina, and to her brave citizen soldiers, especially those under Maj. Tate's command. The great reason for this is the fact that it was North Carolinians only, who succeeded in entering the enemy's works at Gettysburg—that our Brigade Cammander was slain, and we have no friends who will tell of our success on the night of the 2nd July, *because all but the 6th Regiment failed.*

Our Brigadier General, Hoke, being absent—wounded since the battle of Fredericksburg 4th May—Col Avery was acting in his stead. Lt. Col. Webb, absent in Virginia sick, left Maj. Tate in command of the 6th, in the Pennsylvania campaign. Let me say at once, that we desire nothing and wish no notoriety, but we do want the glorious band of veterans in this Regiment to be appreciated and honored at home. They are rapidly passing away, but North Carolina will have reason to point with pride to their valorous deeds.

On the 1st July the Confederate army made a general attack on the enemy posted in front of Gettysburg. Of Early's Division, the Louisiana and Hoke's Brigade were advanced to charge the enemy behind fences. It was rapidly done (as is our usual fortune, immediately in front, there was a stone fence,) and the enemy were driven before us through the town to their fortified heights behind. In this charge we lost a number of gallant officers and men, more than the balance of the Brigade, and captured a battery near the fence. This battery will be credited to *Early's Division*, see if it don't. The Virginia and Georgia Brigades were held in reserve. Next day, 2nd, we were ordered (Louisiana and N. C. Brigades) to charge the heights. Now it is proper to state that there are a series of heights there, upon which the enemy had been driven from all around. Longstreet charged on the South face and was repulsed. A. P. Hill charged on the West face and was repulsed, and our two Brigades were, late in the evening, ordered to charge the North front and after a struggle such as this war has furnished no parallel, seventy-five North Carolinians of the 6th Regiment, and 12 Louisianians of Hay's Brigade scaled the walls and planted the colors of the 6th North Carolina and 9th Lousiania on the guns.—It was now fully dark. The enemy stood with a tenacity never before displayed by them, and with bayonets, clubbed musket, sword and pistol, and *rocks, from the wall, we cleared the heights and silenced the guns.*

In vain did we send to the rear for support. It was manifest that we could not hold the place without aid, for the enemy were massing in all the ravines and adjoining heights, and we were there, fully half a mile from our lines. Finding the enemy were moving up a line, our small band of heroes was ordered to fall back from the crest to a stone wall on the side of the hill where we awaited their coming. Soon they came over the hill in pursuit, when again we opened fire on them and cleared the hill a second time. Very soon we found they were very numerous in the dark to our rear, and now arose the question of surrender, or an effort to retreat. There was a calm and determined resolve, never to surrender, and under cover of the darkness, we were ordered to break and ride the fire. We did so and lost not a man in getting out.

On arriving at our lines, we learned, on inquiry that we had not been supported, because it was not known that we were in the works. Our regiment was the only one in the army of Northern Virginia which did go in and silence the guns on those heights, and what is *more*, if a support of a brigade had been sent up to us, the slaughter of A. P. Hill's corps the day following, would have been saved.

We still number 300 men. Col. Avery, a gallant officer, fell in front on the heights, mortally wounded. He died 30 hours afterwards.

This hasty scroll I write to you, as an act of justice to the men before I pass off, if fall I must. We will have an engagement here or nearer the river in a day, or less, perhaps.

This regiment has had a reputation, you know, and I fear no harm that can come to it while any are left, but it is due to the noble dead, as well as the living, that these men be noticed in some way. I assure you that it is no sensation or fancy picture. Such a fight as they made in front and in the fortifications has never been equaled. Inside the walls the enemy were left lying in great heaps, and almost all with bayonet wounds, and many with skulls broken with the breeches of our guns. *We left not a living man on the hills of our enemy.*

I write this now, for fear I will not have time to write at leisure hereafter. With your sense of propriety I need make no apology for this letter. It has no form, beginning nor ending, but is a simple story badly told.

All we ask is, don't let old North Carolina be derided while her sons do all the fighting. All our company officers are good, but there are, alas, many vacancies.

Believe me, ever,
Your obedient servant,

From the Fifth N. C. Regiment.

We are indebted to His Excellency Gov. Vance, for the following interesting letter from the gallant old Fifth:

To His Excellency Zebulon B. Vance, Governor, &c:

HEADQUARTERS, 5th N. C. TROOPS,
WILLIAMSPORT, Md., July 9th, 1863.

I have the honor to communicate the following statement in regard to the action of the 5th N. C. Troops in the late engagement at Gettysburg, Penn.

On the morning of the 1st of July the Brigade of Brig. Gen. Iverson, commenced its march from the camp near Heidelsburg in the direction of Gettysburg, and was formed in line of battle. The 12th N. C. T. on the right, 5th N. C. T., right centre, 23d N. C. T., left centre, and 20th N. C. T., left, about two miles from the town, on the right of which the corps of Lt. General A. P. Hill, had already engaged the enemy. With Col. O'Neal's Ala. Brigade on its left, it advanced in the direction of Gettysburg, covered by the 1st corps Kerson's Sharp Shooters, until these skirmishers became engaged with the enemy's cavalry, in a low flat land about one thousand yards from the town. The Brigade was then moved by the right flank to the hills in that direction, where the enemy was supposed to be advancing his infantry against the battalion of artillery commanded by Lt. Colonel Carter, to meet and check his movement. The enemy did not advance as he was expected to do, but in a few minutes an order was received to follow up any movement of the Brigade on our left. Just then the Brigade of Col. O'Neal commenced to march forward. The Brigade of Gen. Iverson on the right, followed up the movement and advanced in the order already mentioned, against the enemy, who was posted under a thick cover of woods behind a stone fence, immediately in our front. For some reason, O'Neal's Brigade halted, but the Brigade of Gen. Iverson had advanced with such rapidity as to have no knowledge whatever of O'Neal's movements after he had commenced the advance, and consequently attacked the enemy single handed in its front. The men of the 5th bore themselves in all this desperate encounter with a determined valor and elevated zeal. Their ranks were decimated by the terrific fire to which they were subjected, and they suffered such a loss as no other troops have ever sustained in this or any other war. But the force of the enemy was so far superior in numbers and had such excellent advantages of position it was impossible to dislodge him. We stood in the face of such odds as these the men did not falter, but held their ground until reinforced by the Brigades of O'Neal and Ramseur; nor did they neglect to join in the pursuit through the town when these Brigades put the enemy to flight. In the hottest of the fire the enemy closed in upon our lines, pouring a murderous fire into our men, and in many cases bayoneted them, when some of the wounded cried out for quarter and raised their handkerchiefs as an appeal for mercy. This, Governor, has given rise to a report that the Regiment surrendered. That charge I denounce as an infamous falsehood and malicious slander. No surrender was authorized; no order was given for a cessation of the fire; our colors were brought in triumph from the field, pierced with fifteen balls and the staff shattered into pieces; we lost only three officers prisoners; and of the fifty-five men who are missing, I am firmly of the opinion that not more than forty of those who fell into the hands of the enemy are unhurt.

The pale bloody corpses of its noble men who lie sleeping on the hill sides near Gettysburg; the shrieks of its wounded on that field; the mangled bodies of its officers and soldiers, attest in tones of mighty significance and touching eloquence to the gallantry of our Regiment on that occasion, and stamps as a falsehood the ungenerous aspersions that have been leveled at its fair fame.

I have the honor to be, Governor,
Your most ob't servant,
BENJAMIN ROBINSON,
Captain 5th N. C. T., Comd'g Regiment.

LIST GF KILLED AND WOUNDED

In 3rd Reg't N. C. T., in Battle of Gettysburg, Pa., July 1st, 2nd and 3rd, 1868, Major Wm. M. Parsly Commanding.

Field and Staff—Adj't T C James, wounded in leg.

Co A—Capt J H Albrieton, commanding—Killed—Sergts John R Heath and H C Kilpatrick, Privates John Brit, James Britt, W Hoobs, W West—Wounded—Capt J H Albritton, flesh wound in thigh, Lt C C Lane, flesh wound in thigh; Sergt R A Edwards, severely in shoulder; Sergt George Timberlake, fracture of arm; Corpl Jno Taylor, flesh wound in arm and chest; Privates C Albritton, flesh wound in thigh; W Batts, flesh wound in arm; W Eason, flesh wound in leg, severely; Jno W Gay, wound in wrist; J P Hill, in knee; James Ham, in hip; Benj Jones, arm slightly; R Jolly, in shoulder; W Lane, in shoulder, slightly; Jno Moore, in hip; H Marlow, in back; J L Mears, in thigh; H R Pridgen, in side, slight; Benjamin Ruff, in back, severely; R Shirley, in shoulder, W Skinner, in hand; R Ward, in thigh.

Co B—Lt T J Kelly, commanding—Killed—1st Sergt S S Carrol, Corpl J A James, George W Bass—Wounded—Lt Thos J Kelley, severely in chest; Corpl A Johnson, wrist; Privates S W Brinson, in leg; J C Bostick, knee, severely; J D Brown, leg amputated; A E Fredericks, in back; H Grady, slightly in back; D J Mathis, in thigh; W J Pickett, ——; B B Worley, in arm; C Sanderson, in back; R A McLaughlin, in thigh.

Co C—Lieut C P Mallett, commanding—Killed—Corpl D J Montgomery, Geo W Wilson, Thomas Flowers, W H Giles, John Sanderson—Wounded—Sergt D Autry, in head; Pates W Faircloth, in neck; P Neal, in back, severely; Allen Jones, in hip, slight; D Willorford; in arm; H J Wilorford, in hand; J M Johnston, in head; J W Alpin, in hand; M Mitchell, in hip; August Smith, hand, slight; J M L Wallace, leg, slightly; O McFalter, head and back; Jas Jones, leg; J Rouse, head; Jno Baily, shoulder and back, severely.

Co D—Lieut Jno Cowan commanding—Killed—A Hethcock, A Manning—Wounded—W H Best, in testicle; J P Davis, in arm, Chas English, in arm; L Kornegay, finger amputated; L Manning, in face; J E Neal, in foreheand and eye; D Wood, slightly; A Weeks, severely.

Co E—Lieut Stokely commanding—Wounded—Sergt Jno Gornto, both arms, severely; Private B Dunn, leg amputated; A P Geddings, in back; W Heady, side and head; J D Hunsnoker, in thigh; D Millis, in leg; W W Moore, in leg; N Jenkins, in leg, slightly.

Co F—Lieut E I Garrison commanding—Killed—Lieut E. I Garrison, Lieut H Potter—Wounded—Sergt J W Simpson, in face; Corpl J H Hewitt, in groin; H M Bishop, in leg; Jas M King, in leg and thigh; Jno Montgomery, in shoulder; R F Robbins, in head and finger; C H Farrow, in arm, slight; J Smith, in side, slightly; T O Weeks, in arm, slight.

Co G—Capt E H Armstrong, commanding—Killed—Privates L H Wiggins, Isaac Sutton, D Owen—Wounded—Lieut James J Motts, dangerously in lungs; Sergts L J Henderson, severely in thigh; O C Hill, slightly in hand; J P Smith, in foot; J P Ketcham, in finger; Corpls J R Young, severely through hip; W F Coke, severely in. shoulder, Privates H L Henderson, slightly in hand; W E Jones, in shoulder; W E Kellam, in hand; J P Langley, leg amputated; L Phillips, foot, slightly; E W O Riggs, chest and abdomen; B M Riggs, severely in neck; J L Shephard, side, slightly; B Shepard, in hand; B Reese, in arm; W Crews, in thigh; J W Thompson, in hand; E A Littleton, in abdomen, since died.

Co H—Lt Lyons, commanding—Killed—Sergt Presnell, A T. Benson, Privates J D Lamberk, C S Sellars J T. Williams—Wounded—Sergt J M Sikes, in arm; D H Callahan, in thigh; W H Young, in back; N P Holloman, gun shot fracture shoulder joint; W Buie, in arm; W Vuncannon, shoulder; J H Loudermilk; Corpl J M Straden, thigh; Sergt David Sikes, arm; C B Sikes, arm; Jos Baldwin, Jas Baldwin, in breast; J Brady breast, slightly; J H Kirkman, in hand; D M Thompson, face severely.

Co I—Lieut Stone, commanding—Killed W H Martin, W Lassiter, W Davis—Wounded—Sergt J Watson, in back; D B Wilkerson, in leg; A King, arm; G A Litchfield, contusion in leg; P P Glenn, in hip; G T Allen, fracture of jaw; W Davis, since died.

Co K—Lt Ward, commanding—Killed—A M Smiley, C F Fntch, M D Mott—Wounded—Sgt S P Hand, both shoulders, severely; W B Player, in hand, severely; J H Brown, in sholder; Sergt G B Lee, in hand, severely; J H Carter, in wrist; T Moore, in wrist; Jonas Jones, in thigh; J Hines, in side, slightly; R Ramsay, in arm; J B Blake, in hand; G W Foy, in hand; James Britt, finger amputated.

Killled,	24
Wounded,	127
Total.	161

About Eighty of the most severely wounded men were left in the hands of the enemy, for want of means of transportation. Sufficient means were provided for their comfort, our own Surgeons being detailed for the purpose.

THOMAS F. WOOD,
Asst. Surgeon 3d N C T.

From the Wilmington Journal.]

HEADQUARTERS 51st REG'T N. C. TROOPS,
Sullivan's Island, S. C.,
July 20th, 1863.

Messrs Editors: I enclose you a list of casualties of 51st Regiment N. C. Troops, in an engagement, with the enemy at Battery Wagner, Morris Island, S. C., July 18th, 1863. They shelled us eleven and a half conservative hours, beginning at 7½ o'clock, a. m., and continued until their infantry made the assault at 7 o'clock, p. m., and we fought them until 11½ o'clock, p. m., and repulsed them with a heavy loss in prisoners, wounded and killed, besides ten negro prisoners taken.

They shelled us from three points, making a cross fire, at the rate of twenty shells perminute for a short time. Such bombardment is not recorded in history.

Our boys fought them bravely, they outnumbering us largely. The line of works held by this regiment occupied more than half the entire works, and was successfully held. No Yankee having succeed in mounting over part of the ramparts, or broke our line. The Yankees formed desperately to the left of our lines—they mounting the banks, and for a short time it wis feared would effect an entrance.

Our regiment had been on the Island working night and day, got little or no sleep for six days and nights, and was nearly exhausted before the fight begun.—Gen. Taliaferro complimented the conduct of our boys during the fight.

The South Carolina Heavy Artillery did the fighting until the assault was made, acted nobly and lost heavily. Their Lieut. Col. Simpkins, a noble and brave officer was killed.

Co A—Capt E Southerland, commanding.

Wounded—Capt E Southerland, in hip; Lt W H Littlejohn, in hip and knee; Privates E Holmes, severely; Thos Atkinson, slightly; J Caufiela, in face, slightly; L H Mathis, slightly.

Killed—D J West.

Co B—Capt W R Bell, commanding.

Lts Herring and Smith, slightly wounded.

Killed—Privates R J Ezzell and Patten Merritt.

Missing——Stricklin.

Wounded—Sgt J T McArthur; Corpl T J Thornton; Private L T Ezzell, slightly; Armstrong and Wood slightly.

Co C—Lt R James, commanding.

Killed—Privates R J Carroll, E Bostic and G F Groves.

Wounded—Sgt W B Bowden, H Hunter, K James, J S Picket, J Jones, slightly; F Ganner leg amputated.

Co D—R J McEachin, Capt. commanding, wounded slightly.

Wounded—Lt J D Mallory, in neck slightly; Private J A Evans, slightly in arm; L Masslentill, seriously in arm and shoulder, A Graham, slightly.

Killed—Malcom J McDonald.

Co E—Capt W H Pope, commanding.

Killed—Lievt Giles, W Thompson; Private J Parker.

Wounded—Privates A J Branch, slightly; A C Lee, Lee, E C Branch, A Barnes, E Grimsley, slightly; R Wilcox, slightly; Corporal Harrington, slightly; M Wilkerson.

Missing—J Butler.

Co F—Lt A C Fulmore, commanding.

Killed—Corpl S Spivey; Privates S Clements, W Boon, W Brener, S Lock, A Baxley.

Wounded—Sgt J C Faulk, S Grantham, J Henderson, N Barber.

Missing—A Spring.

Co G—Capt J W Lippitt, commanding.

Killed—Private C A Moore.

Wounded—Corporal R R Hinson, Privates E Blanton, mortally; J Arnols, seriously; M Blanton; slightly; W Jemmigan, seriously; Jordan Penn, badly, W J Burney, head, slightly; J P Hinson and J J Blanton, slightly.

Co I—Capt G Sloan, commanding.

Wounded—M McJ Smith, slightly; W J Taylor, slightly; A C McDonald, seriously; J N Carroll, slightly, Uriah Bass, seriously; M Porter, seriously.

Co K—J B Underwood commanding.

Wounded—A Branch, dangerously.

Missing—D M Bacon and J G Bain

Killed, 16; wounded, 52; Missing, 6. Grand Total 74.

CHARLESTON

We get from the *Mercury* of Tuesday the following:

During the early portion of yesterday morning all was comparatively quiet on Morris Island. About 11 o'clock the land batteries opened on Fort Wagner and the Monitors and the *Ironsides* again approached and opened a severe fire. This continued until two o'clock, when the bombardment became furious, the reports being heard in quite as rapid a succession as on Saturday. This furious cannonade lasted for about an hour and a half, Fort Sumter and Battery Wagner replying slowly. Also fire was opened from a new battery on James Island. Fort Sumter got the range of the *Ironsides*, and little before four o'clock she withdrew. The Monitors also hauled off, and for the remainder of the evening the firing was at long and irregular intervals, coming chiefly from the enemy's land batteries. Some shots were fired at Fort Johnson, and at the shell point battery. The casualties in battery Wagner yesterday were four killed and eleven wounded.

A mortar fire was kept up on Battery Wagner every few minutes during the night from the battery near Graham's house.

On Sunday morning the enemy sent in a flag of truce to ask permission to bury their dead, whose bodies lay thickly strewn in the trench and elsewhere in front of our works. As it was supposed that the chief object of this request on the part of the Yankee commander was to gain an opportunity to reconnoitre our position, the proposition was declined, and the duty of burying the dead devolved upon our own men, and on Sunday no firing occurred.

The number of bodies buried previous to the renewal of the cannonading yesterday was eight hundred—600 by our men, and some 200 and odd beyond our lines by the enemy. Including those still unburied, and the wounded who have since died, the enemy's loss in killed alone must have been nearly or quite one thousand. The number of prisoners taken by our troops (including wounded) was 276. Judging from these figures, and remembering the well-known habit which the Yankees have of carrying off their wounded, it seems quite reasonable to believe that their total loss in killed, wounded and prisoners could not have been less than two thousand.

Nearly a thousand stand of arms fell into our hands as the spoils of the field.

Among other casualties not reported in our last issue are the following:

First Lieut. Giles W. Thompson, Company E, 51st North Carolina.

The following wounded North Carolinians are in the Roper Hospital, Charleston:

Thirty-First N. C. Volunteers.

Capt. A. H. Parker, co. I, left lung, dangerous.
Private John Melvin, co. I, left lung, dangerous.
Private S. M. Mitchener, co. D, contusion, slight.
Private M. W. Carriker, co. K, right lung, dangerous.
Private Harvey Mitchell, co. K, right arm, severe.
Private Andrew Lawrence, co. G, right lung, dangerous.
Private A. Wiggins, co K, neck and shoulder, dangerous.
Private J. A. Grant, co. E, contusion, slight.

Fifty-First North Carolina Volunteers.

Private Edward Holmes, co. A; right lung, dangerous.
Private A. Spivi, co. F, head, dangerous.
Private J. Hinson, co. G, left arm, severe.
Private A. G. Arnold, co. G, left lung, dangerons.
Private Stephen Locke, co. P. right side, since dead.
Private Alec Evans, co. D, right lung, dangerous.
Private J. R. Butler, co. E, right lung, dangerous.

WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—The train from Weldon, yesterday, brought about 150 wounded officers and soldiers, most of whom took the Western train. Among the number was Gen. Wade Hampton of South Carolina.

The gunboats have disappeared from James river, the last one, says the Petersburg *Express* having fallen down as low as Newports News, near Fortress Monroe.

PROGRAMME

Of the funeral of the late Brigadier General J. JOHNSTON PETTIGREW.

The faneral procession will be formed on Fayetteville street at half past 10 o'clock, in the following order:

ESCORT.

CLERGY.

Maj. J. Devereux, Maj. W. W. Peirce, Col. S. H. Rogers, Surg. R. B. Baker.	HEARSE.	Col. E. G. Haywood, Capt. H. A. Dowd, Surg. E. B. Haywood, Surg. Thos. Hill.

MOURNERS.

His Excellency, the Governor of North Carolina, and Aids.
State Officers.
Mayor and City Council.
Adjutant General and Officers
Surgeon General and Officers.
Medical Director and Staff.
Provost Marshall and Aids.
Members of the Press.
Citizens.

Services at 11 o'clock in the Capitol Square, Rev. R. S. Mason, D. D., officiating.

The bells of the different Churches will be tolled from 10 to 12 o'clock, and places of business are requested to be closed during these hours.

PETER MALLETT,
July 24-1t Col. commanding.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOWN HALL.

GRAND CONCERT
AND
DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT

Triumphant success of
MISS ELLA WREN.
AND
MR. CHARLES H. MORTON.

THID NIGHT—ANOTHER NEW PROGRAMME.

Thursday Evening, July 24th, 1863.

The performance will commence with the new Comedy of
PERSONATION, OR FAIRLY TAKEN IN.

After which a lament on the
DEATH OF GEN. STONEWALL JACKSON,
Written and delivered by Miss Wren with the greatest success at the Richmond Theater.

To be followed by a
GRAND MUSICAL OLIO:

After which,
MAWWORM, THE HYPOCRITE.

The whole to conclude with the laughable Farce of
DOMESTIC FELICITY.

PRICE OF ADMISSION.....$1.50
NO HALF PRICE!

Doors open at 7½ o'clock. Commencing at 8½ o'clock precisely. [July24-1t

Conscript Office, Camp Holmes, N. C.,
July 23, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS,
No. 14.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCLAMATION of the President, issued the 15th inst., Colonels of Militia will, on the 20th day of August, enroll all persons in the bounds of their Regiments, between the ages of 18 and 45, who have not already received certificates of exemption or detail.

Enrolling Officers of North Carolina are directed to make their appointments *immediately to visit the* Regiments within their Districts, commencing on the 20th day of August.

Notice is hereby given to all interested, that persons liable to conscription have the right to volunteer in any company in regular service of the Confederate States before enrollment. After enrollment they must come to camp, where they will be assigned to commands of their choice as far as practicable. All persons, therefore, desiring to volunteer, must do so before the 20th of August, (the day of enrollment.) Transportation will be furnished at this office.

After enrollment substitutes cannot be accepted under any circumstances except at this office. The principal is required to appear in person with the substitute. Substitutes under 18 or over 50 will not be accepted. Certificate of good moral character is required before the substitute will be taken.

This call is made by the President from absolute necessity to meet the increased force of the enemy; to strengthen and support our gallant and veteran army; to protect and defend our homes and firesides, and drive the invader from our soil. Our veteran troops require the assistance of every man who can shoulder a musket or draw a sword. The Commandant, therefore, earnestly hopes that this call will be responded to promptly, cheerfully and with our unwavering determination to swell the list of our glorious and gallant dead, if necessary, for our freedom and independence.

The Commandant takes pleasure again in acknowledging the efficient aid rendered him by the State Officers, and exhorts them to renewed zeal in supplying the necessities of the army.

By order of
Col. PETER MALLETT,
Com'dt of Conscripts for N. C.
J. W. MALLETT, Adjutant. July 24-2w

NOTICE.

N. C. STATE BONDS AND COUPONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE YANKEE raiders who visited Rocky Mount Depot on the 20th July, 1863, took from the Iron safe of W. W. Parker, the following Bonds, to wit: Bonds, Nos. 448, 449, 450, 451, 452 and 453, of $1,000 each, dated respectively 1st day of January, 1863, and running for 30 years. These were North Carolina State Treasury Bonds, with Coupons, none of which had been collected up to the time of capture. They were made payable to bearer and belong to Wm. E. Pope, of Rocky Mount.

The public generally and all Banks and Brokers are hereby notified and requested not to receive said bonds or either of them, or their Coupons, without my endorsement, in my own hand writing. And the Public Treasurer of the State and his agents. Clerks and employees are hereby forewarned and prohibited from receiving the said Bonds or any part thereof, or paying the Coupons thereto attached. Any information about said Bonds will be thankfully received. WM. E. POPE

Rockp Mount, July 23rd, 1862. July 24-2t

NOTICE.

CAMP HOLMES, July 22, 1863.

WOUNDED SOLDIERS WHO HAVE BEEN FURloughed and ordered to report at this Camp will find an ambulance at the depot in Raleigh every day at 5 o'clock, P. M.

July 24-2w R. B. BAKER, Surgeon in Charge.

A TEACHER WANTED.

WANTED, A TEACHER TO TAKE CHARGE OF A school in my family. She must be well qualified to teach the various English branches and music on the Piano, both vocal and instrumental. Any lady desiring a situation as teacher will please address

July 24-1w* DR. P. S. FOSTER, Louisburg, Franklin Co., N. C.

LAND FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL A DESIRABLE FARM OF ABOUT 300 acres three miles from Raleigh.

July 24-2w W. R. ANDREWS.

TOBACCO FOR SALE.

200 BOXES MANUFACTURED TOBACCO AT Lynchburg prices. W. R. ANDREWS.

July 24-3w

PAY YOUR CITY TAXES.

ALL CITY TAXES DUE AND REMAINING UNpaid on the 1st. of August next, the delinquent parties property will be advertised for sale for the taxes due and cost thereon.

June 22-3t J. J. CHRISTOPHER, Col.

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS.
June 2-tf RALEIGH, N. C.

CURRY COMBS.

MANUFACTURED BY JOLLY & LACK,
March 10-tf Raleigh, N. C.